

ACTION AGAINST RAGGING

Maharashtra prohibition of Ragging Act 1999 and Prevention and Prohibition of Ragging (Published in AICTE Approval Process Handbook and their amendments which may be published from time to time). The Maharashtra Prohibition of Ragging Act 1999 is in effect from 15th May 1999 has the following provision for action against Ragging.

- a) Ragging within or outside of the institution is prohibited
- b) Whosoever directly or indirectly commits, participates in, abets or propagates ragging within or outside the institution shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term up to 3 years and/or penalty which extended to ten thousand rupees.
- c) Any student convicted of an offence of ragging shall be dismissed from the educational institution and such student shall not be admitted in any other educational institution for a period of five years from the date of order of such dismissal.
- d) Whenever any student or as the case may be, the parent or guardian or a teacher of an educational institution complains, in writing of ragging to the head of the institution, the head of the institution shall without prejudice to the foregoing provisions, within seven days of the receipt of the complaint, enquire into the matter mentioned in the complaint and if prima facie, it is found true, suspend the student who is accused of the offence, and shall immediately forward the complaint to the police station having jurisdiction over the area in which the institution is situated, for further action. Where, on enquiry by the head of the institution, it is found that there is no substance, prima facie, in the complaint received, he/she shall intimate the fact, in writing, to the complainant. The decision of the head of the institution shall be final.

Discipline :

Students while studying in the institute, if found indulging in Anti National activities contrary to the provision of Acts and Laws enforced by Government or in any activity contrary to rules of discipline, will be liable to be expelled from the college without any notice by the Principal of the institute. Failure of the candidate in making full and correct statements in the application form and or suppression of any information and or submission of false documents shall lead to disqualification of the candidate for admission or even at later date during the admission process. Such a candidate will be debarred from the institution. Therefore the candidate is required to make only such claims which could be substantiated by relevant original documents.

The student will not be allowed to appear for the examination if he/she does not attend minimum 80 per cent classes of theory practical etc.